HILL COUNTY APPRAISAL DISTRICT 1407 ABBOTT AVE PO BOX 416 HILLSBORO, TX 76645 Phone (254)582-2508 Fax: (254)582-3654 Tax Year: 2025

**Appraisal District Account Number:** 

Granted:	Date://
Denied:	Date://

# Application for 1-d-1 (Open-Space) Agricultural Use Appraisal

SECTION 1: Property Owner/App	olicai	nt						
					Telephor	ne:		
Birth Date								
The applicant is the following [ ] Individual [ ] Partnershi	type p	of property owner:	Other					
Physical Address, City, State,	, Zip	Code:						
Mailing Address, City, State, 2	Zip C	Code:						
Email Address*								
SECTION 2: Authorized Represei	ntativ	/e						
If you are an individual proper			ation on your own	behalf, skip to section	n 3; all other applicants are re	equired to complete	e section	າ 2.
Please indicate the basis for y	[](	General Partner of the	e company [ ]	Attorney for property	owner			
[ ] Agent for tax matters apport								
Name of Au	ıthor	ized Representative			Title of Authorized Rep	presentative:		_
Mailing Address, City, State, 2	Zip C	Code:						
Email Address*			Primar	y Phone Number (area	a code and number)			
SECTION 3: Property Description	n & I	nformation						
Provide the descriptive information correspondence identifying the prop	requ	ested below for the prop	erty that is the subj	ect of this application or a	attach last year's tax statement, ı	notice of appraised va	lue or oth	ner
Legal Description, abstract nu	mbe	rs, field numbers and	or plat numbers:				$\neg$	
Property Type:	1	Property ID:		GEO ID:		Acres:	=	
Please circle the appropriate box for	r "Ye	es" or "No"						
Has the ownership of the property.			of last year or since	e the last application was	submitted?		Yes	No
If yes, the new owner must con	nplete	e all applicable question	s in section 4 and, i	f the land is used to man	age wildlife, section 5 must be co	ompleted.		
2. Has the former owner passed a	away	?					Yes	No
If yes, are you the surviving spo	ouse	of the former owner?					Yes	No
3. Last year, was 1-d-1 appraisal				• •			103	140
If no, all applicable questions in If yes, complete only those par chief appraiser.					section 5 must be completed.  ny information in sections 4 and	5 requested by the	Yes	No
4. Is this property located within the	he co	rporate limits of a city or	r town?				Yes	No

Year		1		<del>                                     </del>	
	Agricultural Use	Acres	Year	Agricultural Use	Acres
ist the livestoo	ck, exotic animals or exotic fowl r	aised or kept or the type of wild	life managed on	the property and the number of a	cres used for each activity.
	Livestock/Exotics/Wildlife	Acres		Livestock/Exotics/Wildlife	Acres
xample: cattle	e	48			
ist the numbe	er of head of livestock or exotic ar	imals that are raised or kept or	the property (av	erage over the year). Attach a lis	t if the space is not sufficien
	Livestock/Exotics/Wildlife	Number		Livestock/Exotics/Wildlife	Numbe
xample: cattl	l'e	20			
		İ			
ist the crops of sufficient.	grown (including ornamental	plants, flowers, or grapevine	es) and the nun	nber of acres devoted to each	crop. Attach a list if the
	Crop	Acres		Crop	Acres
xample: whe	at	200			
st participatio	on in any government program	ns for planting cover crops	or land lying id	le and the number of acres d	evoted to each program
e space is not	sunicient.	,		Program	Acres
	Program	Acres			
		Acres 100			
example: CRF	is now used for any nonagric	100	gricultural uses	and the number of acres dev	voted to each use. Attac
example: CRF	is now used for any nonagric	100	gricultural uses	and the number of acres dev	oted to each use. Atta
example: CRF	is now used for any nonagric cient. Non-Agricultural	100	gricultural uses		

2. Indicate the property's agricultural land use category (described in the important information section of this form) for the tax year preceding th conversion to wildlife management use. For example, if the land was categorized as native pasture before conversion to wildlife management, no pasture would be the response as it is the category of use prior to conversion.		s		
3. Does the property have a wildlife management plan that uses the appropriate Texas Parks and Wildlife Department form?	Yes	No		
If yes, attach the wildlife management plan for the property using the appropriate Texas Parks & Wildlife Department form (obtained at www.tpwd.texas.gov/landwater/land/private/agricultural_land/).  4. Was the land subject to wildlife management a part of a larger tract of land qualified for 1-d-1 or timber land appraisal on January 1 of the				
previous year?	Yes	No		
5. Is any part of the land subject to wildlife management managed through a wildlife management property association?	Yes	No		
6. Is any part of the land located in an area designated by Texas Parks and Wildlife Department as a habitat for an endangered species, a threatened species or a candidate species for listing by as threatened or endangered?				
7. (a) Is the land that is the subject of this application subject to a permit issued under Federal Endangered Species Act Section 7 or 10(a) ?				
(b) If yes, is the land included in a habitat preserve and subject to a conservation easement created under Chapter 183, Texas Natural Resources Code or part of a conservation development under a federally approved habitat conservation plan?				
If you answer yes to Questions 7(a) and (b), provide evidence of the permit and of the conservation easement or habitat conservation plan. Your application cannot be approved without this evidence.				
8. Is the land that is the subject of this application actively used for a conservation or restoration project providing compensation for natural resources damage under one or more of the following laws:				
Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (42 U.S.C. Section 9601 et seq.)	Yes	No		
Oil Pollution Act (33 U.S.C. Section 2701 et seq.)	Yes	No		
Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. Section 1251 et seq.)	Yes	No		
Chapter 40, Texas Natural Resources Code	Yes	No		
If yes to any of the above, provide evidence of the conservation easement, deed restriction, or settlement agreement with the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. Applications without this evidence cannot be approved.				
SECTION 6: Conversion to Timber Production				
1. Was the land subject to this application converted to timber production after September 1, 1997?	Yes	No		
If yes, on what date did you convert to timber production?				
2. Does the property owner wish to have the land subject to this application continue to be appraised as 1-d-1 land?				
SECTION 7: Certification and Signature				
NOTICE REGARDING PENALTIES FOR MAKING OR FILING AN APPLICATION CONTAINING A FALSE STATEMENT: If you make a false statement on this could be found guilty of a Class A misdemeanor or a state jail felony under Penal Code Section 37.10.	s form,	you		
"I,, swear or affirm the following:  Printed Name of Property Owner or Authorized Representative				
<ol> <li>that each fact contained in this application is true and correct;</li> <li>that the property described in this application meets the qualifications under Texas law for the special appraisal claimed;</li> <li>that I have read and understand the Notice Regarding Penalties for Making or Filing an Application Containing a False Statement."</li> </ol>				
Sign				
here Signature of Property Owner or Authorized Representative: Date:				
* May be confidential under Government Code §552.137; however, by including the email address on this form, you are affirmatively consenting to its release under the Public Information	n Act.			

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Agricultural use includes, but is not limited to, the following activities: (1) cultivating the soil; (2) producing crops for human food, animal feed, or planting seed or for the production of fibers; (3) floriculture, viticulture and horticulture; (4) raising or keeping livestock; (5) raising or keeping exotic animals or fowl for the production of human food or fiber, leather, pelts or other tangible products having a commercial value; (6) planting cover crops or leaving land idle for the purpose of participating in a governmental program provided the land is not used for residential purposes or a purpose inconsistent with agricultural use or leaving the land idle in conjunction with normal crop or livestock rotation procedures; (7) producing or harvesting logs and posts used for construction or repair of fences, pens, barns or other agricultural improvements on adjacent open-space land having the same owner and devoted to a different agricultural use; (8) wildlife management; and (9) beekeeping.

Wildlife management is defined as actively using land that at the time the wildlife-management use began, was appraised as qualified open-space or timberland under Tax Code, Chapter 23, Subchapter D or E, to propagate a sustaining breeding, migrating or wintering population of indigenous wild animals for human use, including food, medicine or recreation, in at least three of the following ways: (1) habitat control; (2) erosion control; (3) predator control; (4) providing supplemental supplies of water; (5) providing supplement supplies of food; (6) providing shelters; and (7) making census counts to determine population.

Wildlife management is also defined as actively using land to protect federally listed endangered species under a federal permit if the land is included in a habitat preserve subject to a conservation easement created under Natural Resources Code Chapter 183 or part of a conservation development under a federally approved habitat conservation plan restricting the use of the land to protect federally listed endangered species or actively using land for a conservation or restoration project under certain federal and state statutes. These two types of wildlife management uses do not require showing a history of agricultural use but do require evidence identified in section 5, questions 7 and (

Agricultural land use categories include: (1) irrigated cropland; (2) dry cropland; (3) improved pastureland; (4) native pastureland; (5) orchard; (6) wasteland; (7) timber production; (8) wildlife management; and (9) other categories of land that are typical in the area.

The completed application must be filed with the chief appraiser before May 1 of the year for which agricultural appraisal is requested. If the application is approved, a new application is not required in later years unless the land ownership changes, eligibility ends or the chief appraiser requests a new application.

Starting Jan. 1, 2024, if a landowner passes away and the land's ownership transfers from the deceased owner to the deceased owner's surviving spouse; the land's ownership is not considered to have changed. Under this provision, the land is still eligible for special valuation even if the surviving spouse did not timely file a valid application

A late application may be filed up to midnight the day before the appraisal review board approves appraisal records for the year, which usually occurs in July. If a late application is approved, a penalty will be applied in an amount equal to 10 percent of the difference between the amount of tax imposed on the property and the amount that would be imposed if the property were taxed at market value.

However, under certain conditions, a property owner can file an application after the deadline has passed and the ARB has approved the appraisal records without incurring the 10 percent penalty.

An application can be filed after the deadline if:

- the land that is the subject of the application was appraised as open-space land under Subchapter D (open-space);
- the land's ownership changed due the landowner's death during the preceding tax year; and
- the application is filed not later than the delinquency date for the taxes on the land for the year for which the application is filed by:
  - the decedent's surviving spouse or a surviving child;
  - ° the executor or administrator of the decedent's estate; or
  - ° a fiduciary acting on behalf of the decedent's surviving spouse or a surviving child.

#### CHIEF APPRAISER ACTIONS

The chief appraiser shall, as soon as practicable but not later than 90 days after the later of the following two dates: date the applicant's land is first eligible for appraisal for 1-d-1 appraisal; or the date the applicant provides the information necessary, make one of the following decisions:

- approve the application and grant agricultural appraisal;
- disapprove it and ask for more information; or
- deny the application.

### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REQUEST

The chief appraiser may disapprove the application and request additional information to evaluate this application. This request must be delivered via a written notice to the applicant as soon as practicable but not later than the 30th day after the application was filed with the appraisal district. The notice must specify the additional information the applicant must provide so the chief appraiser can make a determination. The applicant must provide the additional information not later than the 30th day after the date of the request or the application will be denied. The chief appraiser may extend this deadline for a single period not to exceed 15 days for good cause shown.

## DENIED APPLICATIONS

The chief appraiser may deny an application. He or she must notify the applicant in writing not later than the fifth day after the determination by certified mail. It must state and fully explain each reason for the denial. The landowner can file a protest of the denial with the appraisal review board.

#### **DUTY TO NOTIFY AND PENALTIES**

The property owner must notify the chief appraiser no later than the April 30 following the change in use or eligibility. A change of land use for all or part of the property will trigger substantial additional tax, commonly called a rollback tax. Payment of a penalty may also be required for failure to notify the chief appraiser of a change in agricultural use or qualification. Notice must be delivered to the chief appraiser if:

- the property stops being used for agriculture (e.g., voluntarily stopped farming);
   category of land use changes (e.g., from dry cropland to irrigated cropland;
- level of use changes (e.g., a substantial increase or decrease the number of cattle raised);
- nature of use changes (e.g., a switch from growing corn to growing ornamental plants);
- property owner enters, leaves or changes governmental programs (e.g., 100 acres placed in a conservation reserve program); or the land is used for something other than agriculture (e.g., to build a shopping center on most of the land).

#### **DUTY TO NOTIFY FOR CERTAIN LANDOWNERS**

If land ceases to be devoted principally to agricultural use to the degree of intensity generally accepted in the area, open-space appraisal may be retained if the chief appraiser is notified as required and the property owner:

- is a member of the armed services who is deployed or stationed outside of Texas who intends to return the land to the manner and to the degree of intensity that is generally accepted in the area not later than the 180th day after being deployed or stationed outside this state ceases.
- owns land that has previously been under open-space appraisal primarily based on its citrus production; the land is located in a pest management zone; and an agreement was executed to destroy, remove or treat all the citrus trees located on the land that are or could become infested with pests with one of the following: Texas Citrus Pest and Disease Management Corporation, Inc., the Texas Commissioner of Agriculture or the U.S. Department of Agriculture; or
- owns land that has previously been under open-space appraisal primarily on the basis of livestock; the land is located in a temporary quarantine area established during the tax year by the Texas Animal Health Commission for the purpose of regulating the handling of livestock and eradicating ticks or exposure to ticks under Chapter 167, Agriculture Code.